Monitoring by Citizens and Its Impact on the Air Quality Community and AIRNow

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Presented at 2009 National Ambient Air Monitoring Conference November 2-5, 2009 Nashville, TN



What Is "Monitoring by Citizens"?

- Citizen science
- Measurements made by
 - Citizens
 - Non-government organizations
 - Fixed locations or moving platforms
- Examples
 - Bucket Brigade (toxics monitoring)
 - Citizen Weather Observer Pgm.
- Technology is key
 - Monitor cost and size
 - Internet telemetry and reporting





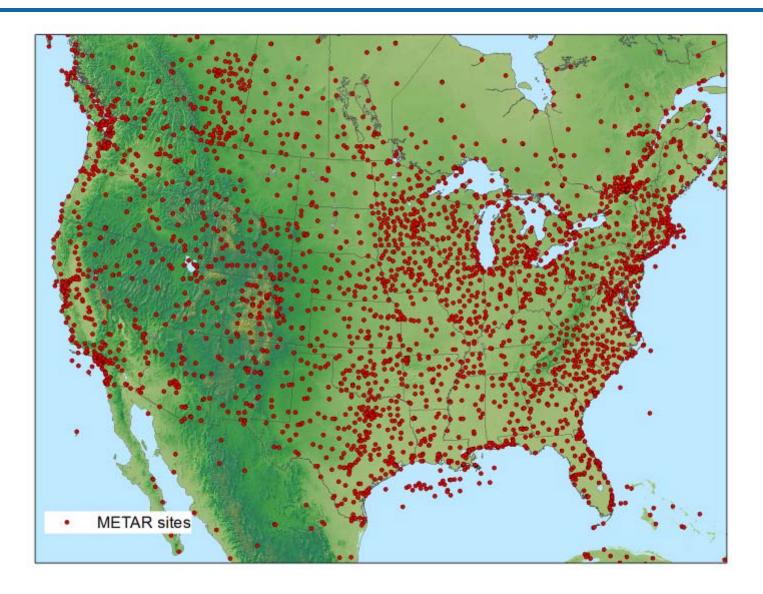


Purpose of Presentation

- Inform about recent trends in AQ monitoring
- Begin discussion about
 - Understanding citizen monitoring
 - Evaluating implications of citizen monitoring
 - Determining agency interests/concerns
 - Creating a community of
 - Public agencies
 - Citizens and NGOs
 - Private sector companies
 - Establishing a Citizen Environmental Monitoring Corps?

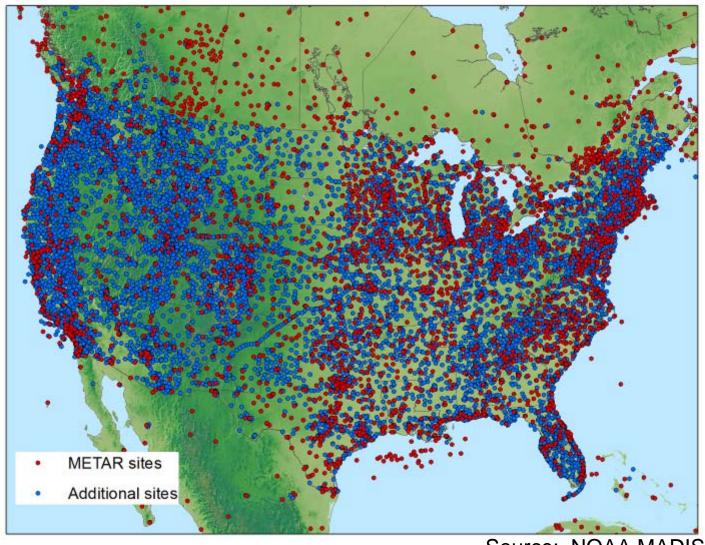


Impact of Citizen Monitoring on the Weather Community (1 of 2)





Impact of Citizen Monitoring on the Weather Community (2 of 2)





Source: NOAA MADIS

Example – Carbon Monoxide (Lake Havasu City) (1 of 3)

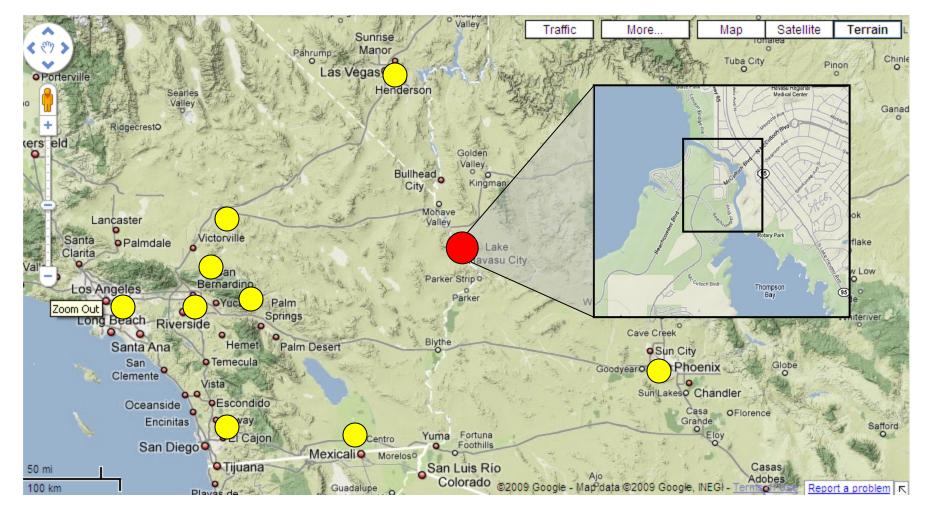
- Group
 - Lake Havasu City
 - Sonoma Technology, Inc.
- Measurement
 - CO (fixed land sites)
 - CO (mobile boat)
- Instrument
 - AreaRAE CO monitor







Example – Carbon Monoxide (Lake Havasu City) (2 of 3)





Example – Carbon Monoxide (Lake Havasu City) (3 of 3)









Example – EBAM (1 of 2)

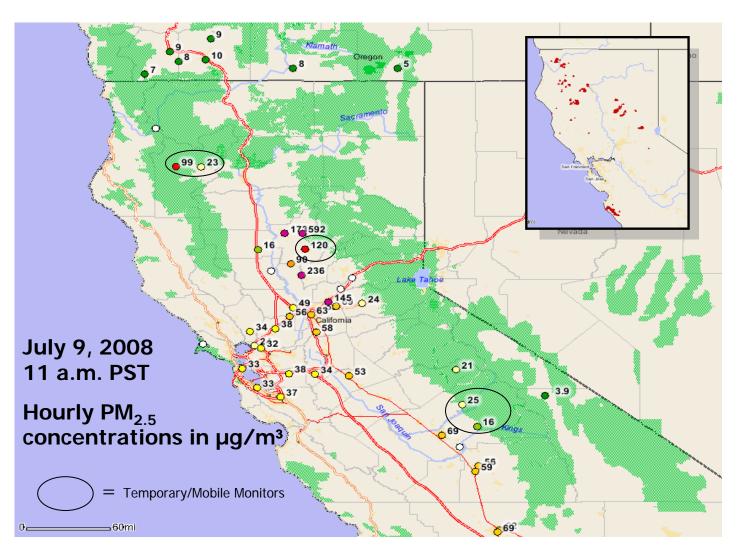
Groups

- U.S. EPA
- California Air Resources Board
- U.S. Forest Service
- Measurements
 - $-PM_{2.5}$ or PM_{10}
 - Temp., relativity humidity, winds
- Instruments
 - EBAM
 - Satellite/cell modem





Example – EBAM (2 of 2)





Example – Black Carbon (1 of 2)

- Group: Magee Scientific
- Measurement: Black Carbon (BC)
 - BC is about 5% of total PM_{2.5}
 - Sources: combustion, especially diesel vehicles
- Instrument
 - Aethalometer[™]
 - Optical absorption method (filter strips)







Example – Black Carbon (2 of 2)





Example – Carbon Monoxide (San Francisco) (1 of 2)

- Group: Intel Research
- Measurements
 - CO, O₃, NO₂
 - Temp. and relative humidity
 - Location and light
- Instrument
 - Cell phone size
 - Solid state sensors
- Testing on street sweepers in San Francisco

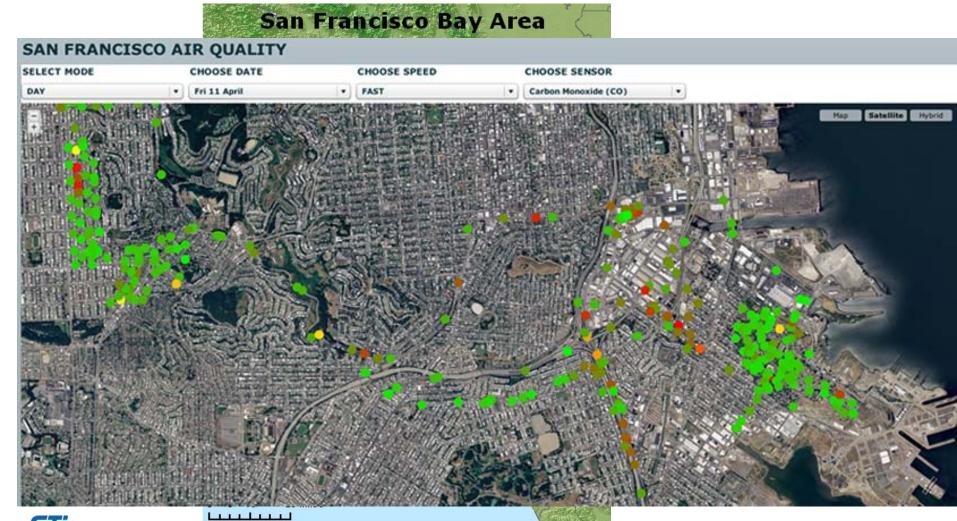








Example – Carbon Monoxide (San Francisco) (2 of 2)



Example – CO₂ and VOCs (1 of 2)

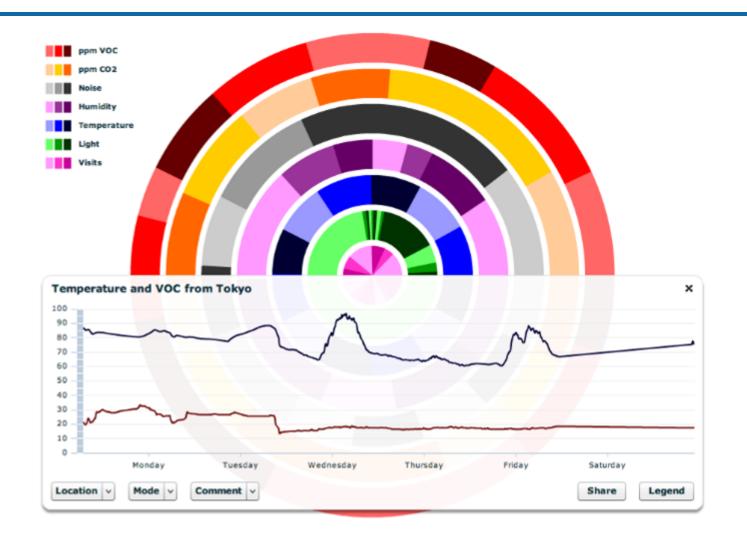
- Groups: Aclima
 U.C. Berkeley
- Measurements
 - CO₂ and VOCs
 - Temp. and relative humidity
 - Location, sound, and light
- Instrument
 - Real-time feedback (LEDs)
 - Solid state sensors
 - Internet
 - Community







Example – CO₂ and VOCs (2 of 2)





Issues to Consider (1 of 2)

Data quality – function of application

- Directional response
- Response on short time scales
- Long term repeatability

Representativeness

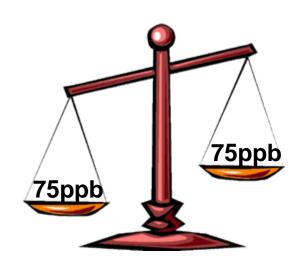
- Spatial scales
- Temporal scales
- Mobile sampling different environments
- Indoors vs. outdoors





Issues to Consider (2 of 2)

- Ownership
 - Distribution
 - Attribution
- Advocacy
- Increased coordination
 - EPA staff
 - State/local staff





Citizen Environmental Monitoring Corps

- Empower citizens to make air quality measurements
- Educate and certify
 - Air Quality 101
 - Monitoring principles
 - Quality assurance
- Integrate with AIRNow
- Reach out to state/local air quality agencies



Discussion

- What are your thoughts?
- What are your concerns?
- Do you know of citizen monitoring efforts?

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